Student Worksheet: GC.01

Examine the Influences of Leading European Thinkers and Other Roots of American Government

(C, E, G, P: Culture, Economics, Geography, Politics)

Part 1: Leading European Thinkers

John Locke (1632–1704)

- Key Ideas:
 - Natural rights: Life, liberty, and property.
 - Government's role is to protect these rights.
 - o If a government fails, citizens have the right to overthrow it.

Question:

• How did John Locke's ideas influence the Declaration of Independence?

Charles-Louis Montesquieu (1689–1755)

- Key Ideas:
 - o Separation of powers into three branches: legislative, executive, judicial.
 - Checks and balances to prevent any one branch from becoming too powerful.

Question:

 How does Montesquieu's theory of separation of powers appear in the U.S. Constitution?

Thomas Hobbes (1588–1679)

- Key Ideas:
 - Social contract: People give up some freedoms in exchange for order and protection.
 - o Believed in a strong central authority to avoid chaos (absolute monarchy).

Question:

• Why do you think Hobbes's ideas were less influential than Locke's in the creation of the U.S. government?

Part 2: Other Roots of American Government

Greek Democracy

- Key Features:
 - Direct democracy in Athens: Citizens voted directly on laws.
 - Introduced the concept of civic participation.

Question:

• How does the idea of democracy in ancient Greece compare to the representative democracy of the United States?

Roman Republic

- Key Features:
 - Representative government with elected officials (Senate and consuls).
 - Rule of law applied equally to all citizens.

Question:

• What aspects of the Roman Republic can be seen in the structure of the U.S. government?

Magna Carta (1215)

- Key Features:
 - Limited the power of the king and established the principle of rule of law.
 - Introduced ideas like trial by jury and due process.

Question:

• How does the Magna Carta's concept of limiting government influence the U.S. Constitution?

Part 3: Comparative Activity

• Directions:

Fill in the chart below by comparing the influences of the thinkers and systems on the U.S. government.

Thinker/System	Key Ideas Impact on U.S. Government
Class Discussion	
John Locke	
Charles-Louis Montesquieu	I
Thomas Hobbes	
Greek Democracy	
Roman Republic	
Magna Carta	

Part 4: Reflection Questions

Which thinker or system do you believe had the greatest influence on American government? Why?

- 1. How do cultural, economic, and political factors shape ideas about government?
- 2. Why is it important to study the historical roots of American democracy?